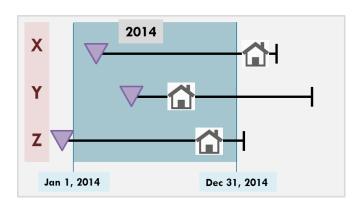


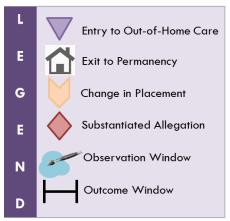
CFSR3 Measures Quiz

1.	Terminology: Match the following descriptions with the appropriate denominator:				
	"All children in out-of-home care in 2014"	A. Exit Cohort			
	"Of all children who exited out-of-home care in 2012"	B. Entry Cohort			
	"Of all children who entered out-of-home care in 2013"	C. Point-in-time Sample			
2	Terminology: Circle the correct term in the sentences below.				
۷٠	Terminology: Circle the correct term in the sentences below.				
	Exit cohorts tend to over-represent <u>long/short</u> stayers in out-of-home care. On the other				
	hand, entry cohorts/point-in-time samples tend to over-represent long/short stayers of				
	out-of-home care. As such, a(n) entry cohort/point-in-time sample is the most				
	representative group in terms of describing the most typical OHC experience.				
Į					
3.	. Terminology: Fill in the missing terms in the following sentences.				
	Each of the 7 CFSR3 measures can be expressed as a	, which			
	involves a denominator and a numerator. The	refers to			
	the time period that determines the children included in the den	ominator. The			
	refers to the time period the	at determines the children			
	included in the numerator; when the time period may differ from	m child to child, it is			
	referred to as the				



4. Permanency in 12 Months for Children Entering Out-of-Home Care (OHC): Refer to the diagram and legend below to answer the following question: of the three children X, Y, and Z (whose OHC timelines are depicted in the diagram), which is/are included in the numerator and denominator for the Permanency in 12 months for Children Entering Out-of-Home Care CFSR3 measure?





Numerator : child(ren) _____

Denominator: child(ren) _____

5. **Permanency in 12 Months for Children in Care 12-23 Months:** Fill in the missing observation windows for each of the defined outcome windows. Use the definition below as a reference, if needed.

Children who discharged to permanency within 12 months of the first day (e.g., by December 31, 2015)

Children who have been in out-of-home care for 12-23 months on the first day of a 12-month period (e.g., January 1, 2015)

Outcome window: Calendar Year 2013 Observation Window:______

Outcome window: April 2014 – March 2015 Observation Window:______



6. Permanency in 12 Months for Children in Care 24+ Months: Use the descriptions below to calculate the Permanency in 12 Months for Children in Care 24+ Months measure. Assume that children M-P comprise the entire OHC population.

Observation window: up to December 31, 2012 Outcome window: calendar year 2015

- Child M enters OHC on September 1, 2012, and exits to legal permanency on February 2, 2015.
- Child N enters OHC on August 1, 2011, and ages out of OHC on March 20, 2015.
- Child O enters OHC on April 1, 2013, and exits to legal permanency on February 15, 2015.
- Child P enters OHC on November 12, 2012, and exits to legal permanency on June 30, 2015.

 x 100% =	_%	

7. **Re-Entry into Out-of-Home Care:** Of all children in Wisconsin who entered OHC in 2013, assume 1,000 children exited to legal permanency within 12 months of their individual entry dates. 100 of those children re-entered OHC within 12 months of their individual exit dates. If the federal standard is 8.3% of this measure, did Wisconsin meet the benchmark for this measure? Use the definition below as a reference, if needed.

Children who re-enter care within 12 months of their discharge

X 100%

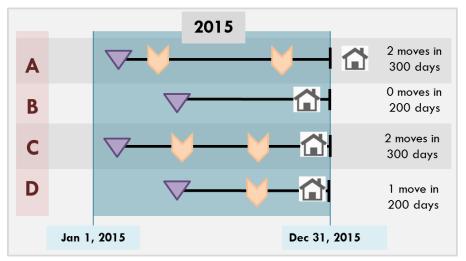
Children who entered out-ofhome care in a 12-month period, who discharged within 12 months of their individual entry

Yes, it did meet the standard.

No, it did not meet the standard.

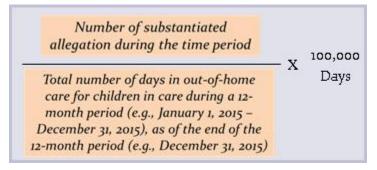


8. **Placement Stability:** Refer to the diagram below to calculate the Placement Stability measure for the 4 children (assuming these children comprise the entire OHC population).





Maltreatment in OHC: Circle the correct answer below for the Maltreatment in OHC
measure. Use the definition below as a reference.



Assume Wisconsin's outcome for this measure is 9.0 for 2014. This outcome can be interpreted as:

- A. In 2014, Wisconsin had 9 victimizations.
- B. In 2014, Wisconsin had 9 children who were victimized.
- C. In 2014, Wisconsin had 9 victimizations that occurred during all OHC days of a given year (expressed per 100,000 days).
- D. In 2014, Wisconsin had 9 children who were victimized during all OHC days of a given year (expressed per 100,000 days).



10. **Recurrence of Maltreatment:** The graph below illustrates Wisconsin's statewide trend in the Recurrence of Maltreatment measure from 2009 to 2015. According to the graph, Wisconsin's measure steadily declined from 6.3% in 2010 to 4.2% in 2012. Does this decline represent a positive or a negative change? Why?

